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广西异蛸科一新属新种*

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在整理中国农业大学收藏的广西䗛目标本中,作者发现有采自武鸣大明山异䗛科一新属和一新种,现记述如下。模式标本保存于中国农业大学昆虫标本室。文中采用长度单位为mm。

仿圆筒䗛属 Paragong ylopus 新属

体中型,圆筒状。体表粗糙,背与腹面被不规则瘤突,具纵脊与侧脊。头略延长,眼间有一对锥突;触角短,3节,远短于前股节,柄节膨大,梗节短小,鞭部仅1节,不规则棒状。缺前、后翅。3对足股胫节具少量钝齿,前股节稜脊明显,基部略内弯,中后足股、胫节稜脊平钝而不明显。臀节稍长,后缘中央微内凹。腹瓣较扁平,后缘几成截形,不超过腹端。尾须短,较扁。

模式种:中华仿圆筒䗛 Paragong ylopus sinensis 新种。

本新属近似于异蝌科 Heteronemiidae^[1],与采自我国云南的圆筒蛸属 *Gong ylopus* Brunner,1906^[2]相似,主要区别如下:1.触角3节;2.胸腹部具瘤突;3.3对足股胫节具钝齿;4.腹瓣后缘截状。

中华仿圆筒䗛 Paragong ylopus sinensis 新种 (图 1~3)

雌性:体中型,圆筒状。褐色。体表粗糙,体背面与腹面具不规则低钝瘤突,背面具1纵脊与2侧脊,腹面具2侧脊。头略延伸,背面几乎不隆起,后头具不规则小瘤突。复眼圆形,外突,眼间具1对前倾的锥突,锥突基部隆起,具背脊与侧脊。触角短,远短于前股节,3节组成,分节明显,柄节膨大,具稜脊,梗节短小,鞭部仅1节,呈不规则棒状,基部3/4边缘稜脊状,内侧有1排较整齐短刺,外侧被毛,近端1/4部分稍收缩,呈指突。前胸背板亚梯形,与头部约等长,表面粗糙,中部与侧面具宽脊,中央具横沟,纵沟伸达前半部。中胸与后胸加中节之和约等长;中节甚短,横形。缺前、后翅。3对足股胫节具钝齿突,尤以背面显著;前股节基部略内弯,背腹面稜脊清楚,背面内外脊各具6枚以上钝齿,腹面齿突小而不显著,胫节仅背面具少数小形钝齿,中后足股节稜脊平钝,背面具3对钝齿,腹面具少数钝齿,胫节背面具少数钝齿。腹部自第5节以后渐窄,第4背板后缘的瘤突明显地大,第5至8背板中脊与侧脊端部各具1明显瘤突,

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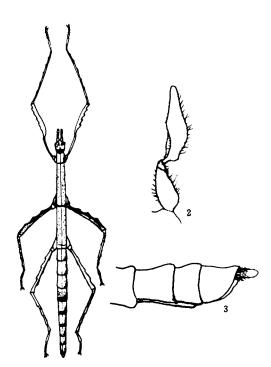


图 1~3 中华仿圆筒䗛 Paragong ylopus sinensis sp. nov.

1. 虫体背面; 2. 触角背面; 3. 腹端侧面

第6腹板后缘中央凹入,第7和8节背板屋 脊状。臀节稍长于第8节,宽瓦状,后缘微弧 形,中央微内凹,背中脊清楚。腹瓣较扁平, 后缘几乎截状,不超过第8节后端。尾须稍扁 宽,腹面具中脊,略超过臀节端部。

雄性: 未知。

体长 45.0; 前胸背板 2.6; 中胸背板 8.0; 后胸背板 (含中节) 8.0; 中节 1.2; 前股节 13.0; 中股节 9.0; 后股节 10.6。

正模斗,广西武鸣(大明山), 1963. V.23,杨集昆采。

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A NEW GENUS AND NEW SPECIES OF HETERONEMIIDAE FROM GUANGXI, CHINA (PHASMATODEA: HETERONEMIIDAE)

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Abstract In the present paper, a new genus and a new species of Heteronemiidae are described. The type specimens are kept in the Insect Collection of China Agricultural University. All measurements in descriptions are in mm.

Paragong ylopus gen. nov.

Median size, cylindrical. Body rugged, its dorsum and venter with irregular tuberculi,

longitudinal and lateral carinae. Head rather elongate, with a pair of conical spines between the eyes. Antennae short, 1st joint dilated, 2nd joint small, 3rd joint clavatus irregularly. Occiput and pronotum with small tuberculi sparsely, the others of body with short and blunt tuberculi. Fore and hind wings absent. Femora and tibiae of three pairs of legs with some obtuse teeth, fore femora carinatus distinctly, its base curved inward, femora and tibiae of four posterior legs without distinct carinae. Anal segment a little elongate, its posterior margin emarginate slightly. Operculum compressed obviously, its posterior margin truncate nearly, not extending to the apex of abdomen. Cerci short and depressed.

Type-species: Paragong ylopus sinensis sp. nov. (figs. $1 \sim 3$)

This new genus is allied to *Gongylopus* Brunner 1906. It differs from the latter as follows: 1. antennae 3 segmented; 2. thorax and abdomen tuberculate; 3. femora and tibiae of three pairs of legs serratus; 4. posterior margin of operculum truncate.

Paragongylopus sinensis sp. nov. (figs. $1 \sim 3$)

Male unknown.

Body 45.0; pronotum 2.6; mesonotum 8.0; metanotum (with median segment) 8.0; median segment 1.2; fore femur 13.0; middle femur 9.0; hind femur 10.6.

Holotype ♀, Wuming County, Guangxi, May 23, 1963, collected by Yang Chikun.